

TABLE 1
TABLE R802.4.1(9)
RAFTER SPAN ADJUSTMENT FACTOR

| HC/HR ² | RAFTER SPAN ADJUSTMENT FACTOR |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1/3 | 0.67 |
| 1/4 | 0.75 |
| 1/5 | 0.83 |
| 1/6 | 0.90 |
| 1/7.5 or less | 1.00 |

a. HC = Height of the ceiling joists or rafters measured vertically above the top of the rafter support walls. HR = Height of roof ridge measured vertically above the top of rafter support walls.

R802.5.2.1 Ceiling joists lapped shall not be less than 3 inches, or butted over bearing partitions or beams and toenailed to the bearing member.

R802.6 - Ends of each rafter and ceiling joists shall have not less than 1 1/2 inches of bearing on wood or metal and not less than 3-inches on masonry or concrete.

SIMPSON HU, or LU, or EQUAL JOIST U-Hangers may be required to installed the new ceiling joists or ceiling beams. Provide technical sheet specifications to the County Building Inspector prior to installation.

TABLE 2
RAFTER/CEILING JOIST CONNECTIONS
Roof live load 20 psf or less [(Table R802.5.2(1))]

Required number of 16d common nails per connection. Wood members shall be of sufficient size to prevent splitting due to nailing. Split members shall be removed and replaced.

| Rafter Slope | Spacing (in) | Roof Span (ft) | | |
|--------------|--------------|----------------|----|----|
| | | 12 | 24 | 36 |
| 3:12 | 12 | 3 | 5 | 8 |
| | 16 | 4 | 7 | 10 |
| | 19.2 | 4 | 8 | 12 |
| 4:12 | 12 | 3 | 4 | 6 |
| | 16 | 3 | 5 | 8 |
| | 19.2 | 3 | 6 | 9 |
| 5:12 | 12 | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| | 16 | 3 | 4 | 6 |
| | 19.2 | 3 | 5 | 7 |
| 7:12 | 12 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| | 16 | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| | 19.2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

Multiply by 1.2 and round to the next full nail for substitution of 16d common nails (3 1/2" x 0.162") with 10d common nails (3" x 0.148") nails

TABLE 3
ROOF RAFTER SPANS (DF-LARCH #2)
Dead load 10 psf / Live load 20 psf

| Rafter Size (inches) | Spacing (in) | Ceiling Attached L/A = 240 | |
|----------------------|--------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| | | Allowable Span (ft) | Allowable Span (ft) |
| 2x4 | 12 | 10'-10" | 9'-10" |
| | 16 | 9'-10" | 8'-11" |
| | 19.2 | 9'-1" | 8'-6" |
| 2x6 | 12 | 16'-10" | 15'-6" |
| | 16 | 14'-7" | 14'-1" |
| | 19.2 | 13'-3" | 13'-3" |
| 2x8 | 12 | 21'-4" | 20'-5" |
| | 16 | 18'-5" | 18'-5" |
| | 19.2 | 16'-10" | 16'-10" |
| 2x10 | 12 | 26'-0" | 26'-0" |
| | 16 | 22'-6" | 22'-6" |
| | 19.2 | 20'-7" | 20'-7" |
| 2x12 | 12 | 31'-4" | 31'-4" |
| | 16 | 28'-0" | 28'-0" |
| | 19.2 | 23'-10" | 23'-10" |

TABLE 4
CEILING JOIST SPANS (DF-LARCH #2)
Dead load 5 psf / Live load 20 psf

| Joist Size (inches) | Spacing (in) | Allowable Span | |
|---------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | | Dead load 5 psf / Live load 20 psf | Dead load 5 psf / Live load 20 psf |
| 2x4 | 12 | 12'-5" | 9'-10" |
| | 16 | 11'-3" | 8'-11" |
| | 19.2 | 10'-7" | 8'-6" |
| 2x6 | 12 | 19'-6" | 15'-0" |
| | 16 | 17'-6" | 13'-0" |
| | 19.2 | 16'-8" | 11'-11" |
| 2x8 | 12 | 25'-8" | 19'-1" |
| | 16 | 23'-4" | 16'-8" |
| | 19.2 | 21'-4" | 15'-1" |
| 2x10 | 12 | 26'-0" | 23'-3" |
| | 16 | 26'-0" | 20'-2" |
| | 19.2 | 26'-0" | 18'-5" |

NOTE FOR (E) HIP ROOFS ON (E) GARAGES: The Applicant is liable to inspect the condition of the existing roof rafters and roofing materials. Additional King Post(s) may be required to support the existing hip beams. The Applicant is responsible to submit a supplemental engineering design plan or sheets stamped by a registered engineer/architect to the County Building Inspector for the connections of the new king post(s) and installation of a new ceiling beam(s) to the existing top plates and rafters.

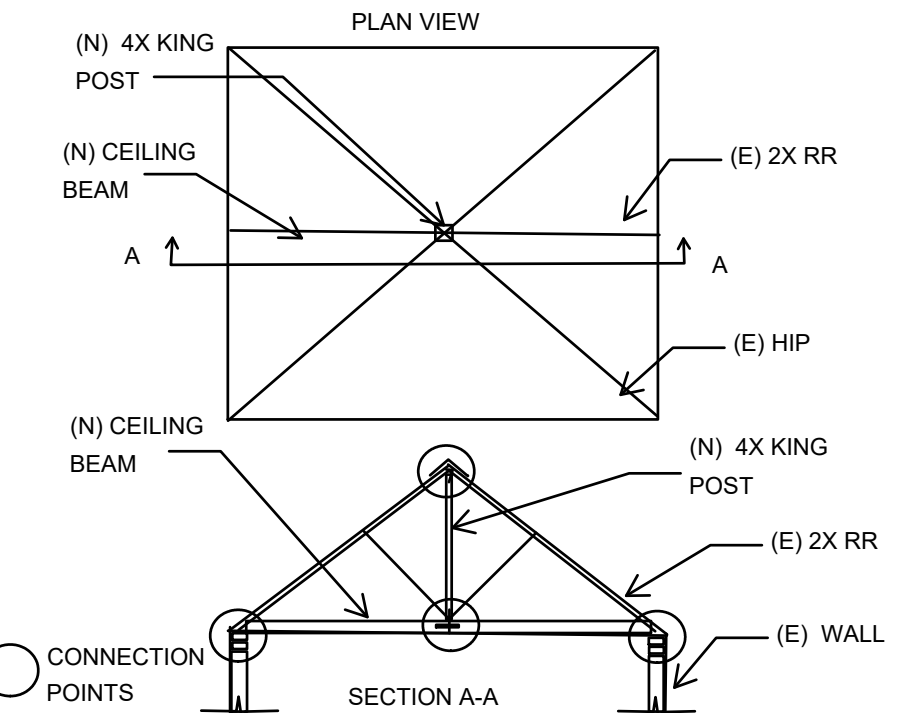
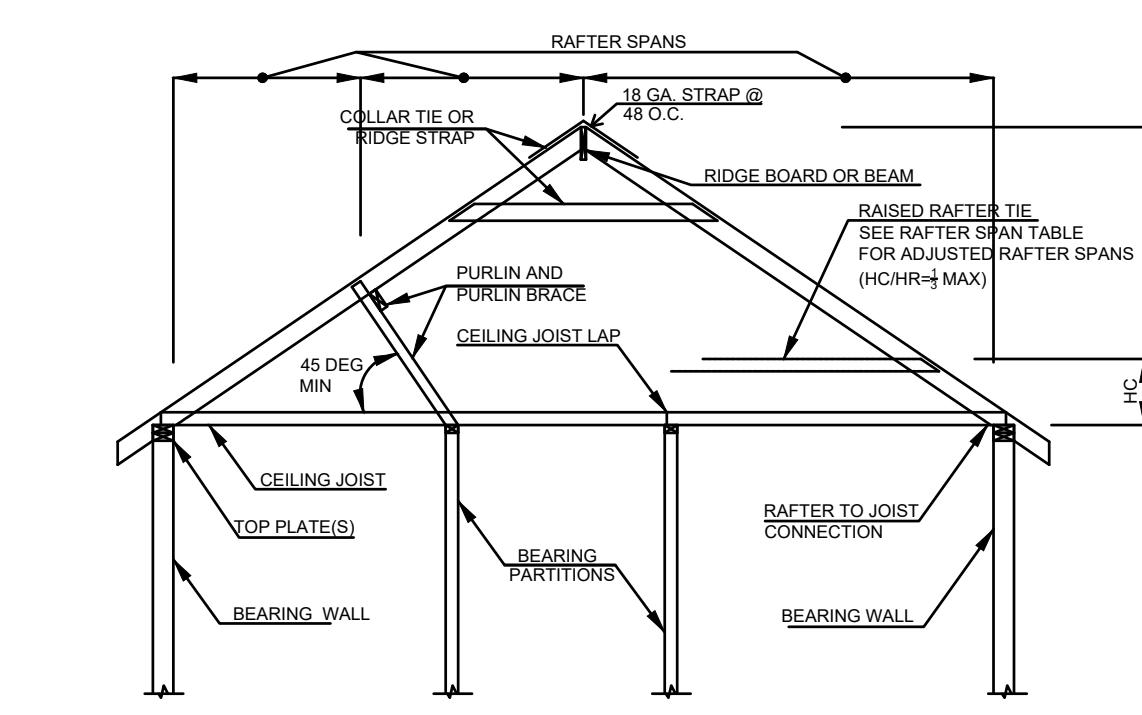


TABLE 6
FASTENING SCHEDULE [Table R602.3(1)]

| Description of Building Elements | Number and Type of Fastener | Spacing and Location |
|---|--|--|
| Roof | | |
| Blocking between ceiling joists or rafter to top plate | 4-8d box (2-1/2" x 0.113") | Toe nail |
| Ceiling joists to top plate | 4-8d box (2-1/2" x 0.113") | Per joist, toe nail |
| Ceiling joists not attached to parallel rafter, laps over partitions | 4-10d box (3" x 0.128") | Face nail |
| Ceiling joist attached to parallel rafter (heel joint) (see Table R802.5.2(1)) | Table R802.5.2(1) | Face nail |
| Collar tie to rafter, face nail | 4-10d box (3" x 0.128") | Face nail |
| Rafter or roof truss | 3-16d box (3-1/2" x 0.135"); or 3-10d common nails (3" x 0.148") | 2 toe nails on one side and 1 toe nail on opposite side of each rafter or truss |
| Roof rafter to ridge, valley or hip rafter or roof rafter to minimum 2" ridge beam | 4-16d box (3-1/2" x 0.135") | Toe nail |
| | 3-16d box (3-1/2" x 0.135") | End nail |
| Wall | | |
| Stud to stud (not braced at wall panels) | 16d common (3-1/2" x 0.162") | 24" o.c. face nail |
| Stud to stud and abutting studs at intersecting wall corners (at braced wall panels) | 16d box (3-1/2" x 0.135") | 16" o.c. face |
| Built-up header (2" to 2" header with 1/2" spacer) | 16d common (3-1/2" x 0.162") | 12" o.c. each edge face nail |
| Continuous header to stud | 5-8d box (2-1/2" x 0.113") | Toe nail |
| Adjacent full-height studd to end of header | 4-16d box (3 1/2" x 0.135") | End nail |
| Top plate to top plate | 16d common (3-1/2" x 0.162") | 16" o.c. face nail |
| Double top plate splice | 8-16d common (3-1/2" x 0.162") | Face nail on each side of end joint (minimum 24" lap splice length each side of end joint) |
| Bottom plate to joist, rim joist, band joist, or blocking (not at braced wall panels) | 16d common (3-1/2" x 0.162") | 16" o.c. face nail |
| Bottom plate to joist, rim joist, band joist, or blocking (at braced wall panels) | 3-16d box 3-1/2" x 0.135") | 3 each 16" o.c. face nail |
| Top or bottom plate to stud and intersections | 4-8d box (2-1/2" x 0.113") | Toe nail |
| | 3-16d box (3-1/2" x 0.135") | End nail |
| Top plates, laps at corners, and intersections | 3-10d box 3" x 0.128") | Face nail |
| 1" brace to each stud and plate | 3-8d box (2 1/2" x 0.113") | Face nail |
| 1"x 6" sheathing to each bearing | 3-8d box (2 1/2" x 0.113") | Face nail |
| 1"x 8" and wider sheathing to each bearing | 3-8d box (2 1/2" x 0.113") | Face nail |
| Floor | | |
| Joist to sill, top plate or girder | 4-8d box (2-1/2" x 0.113") | Toe nail |
| Rim joist, band joist or blocking to sill or top plate (roof applications also) | 8d box 2-1/2" x 0.131") | 4" o.c. toe nail |
| | 8d common (2-1/2" x 0.131") | 6" o.c. toe nail |
| Built-up girders and beams, 2-inch lumber layers | 20d common (4" x 0.192") | Nail each layer as follows: 32" o.c. at top and bottom and staggered. |
| Ledger strip supporting joists or rafters | 4-16d box (3-1/2" x 0.135") | At each joist or rafter, face nail |
| Bridging or blocking to joist, rafter or truss | 2-10d box (3" x 0.128") | Each end, toe nail |



FOR SL: 1 DEGREE = 0.018 RAD
Hc= HEIGHT OF CEILING JOISTS OR RAFTER TIES MEASURED VERTICALLY ABOVE THE TOP OF RAFTER SUPPORT WALLS.
Hr= HEIGHT OF ROOF RIDGE MEASURED VERTICALLY ABOVE THE TOP OF THE RAFTER SUPPORT WALLS.

FIGURE R802.4.5
BRACED RAFTER CONSTRUCTION

ROOF SHEATHING SHALL COMPLY WITH CBC 2304.2.2 CONFORMING TO PROVISIONS OF TABLE 2304.8(1), 2304.8(2), or 2304.8(5) TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CODE.

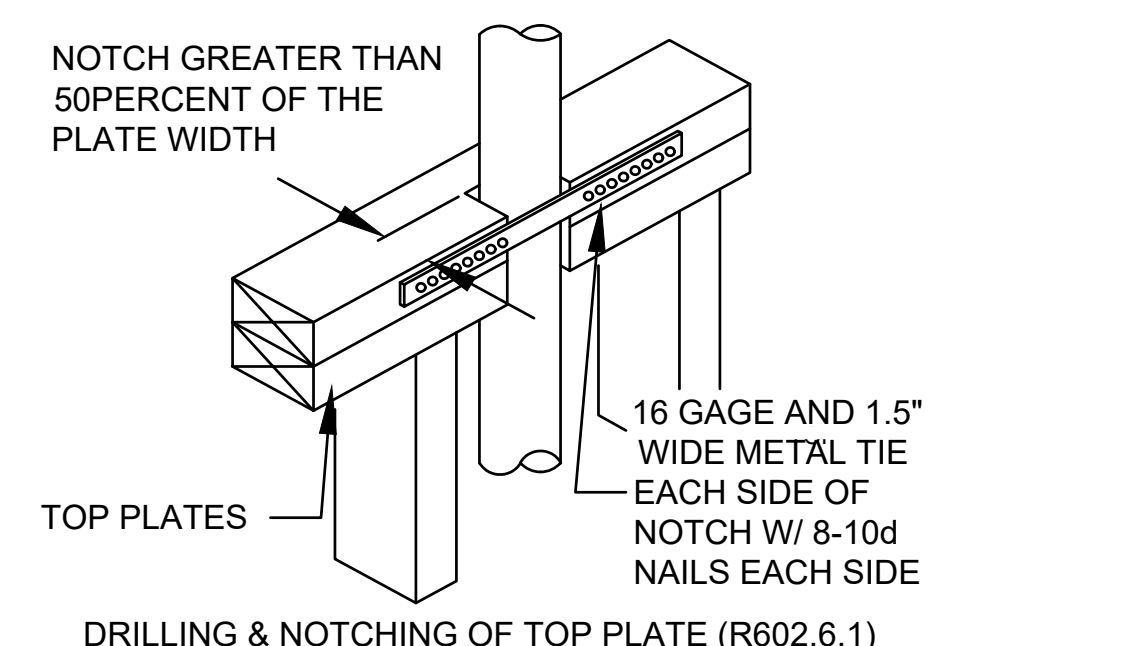
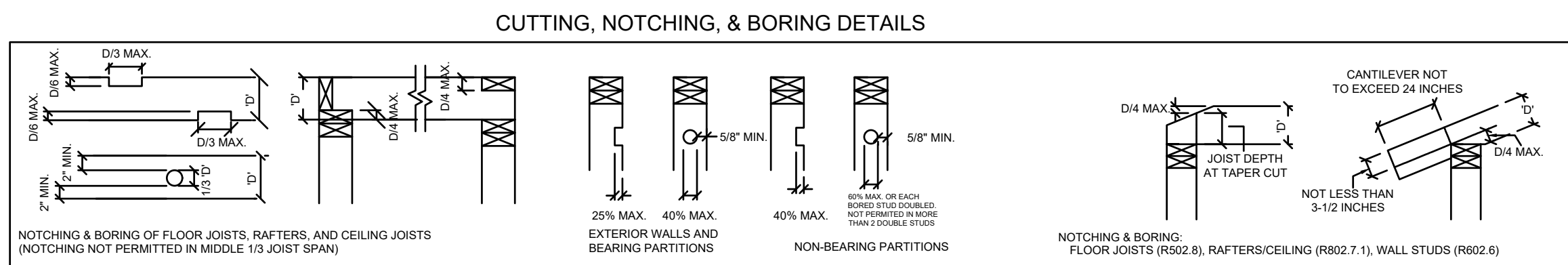
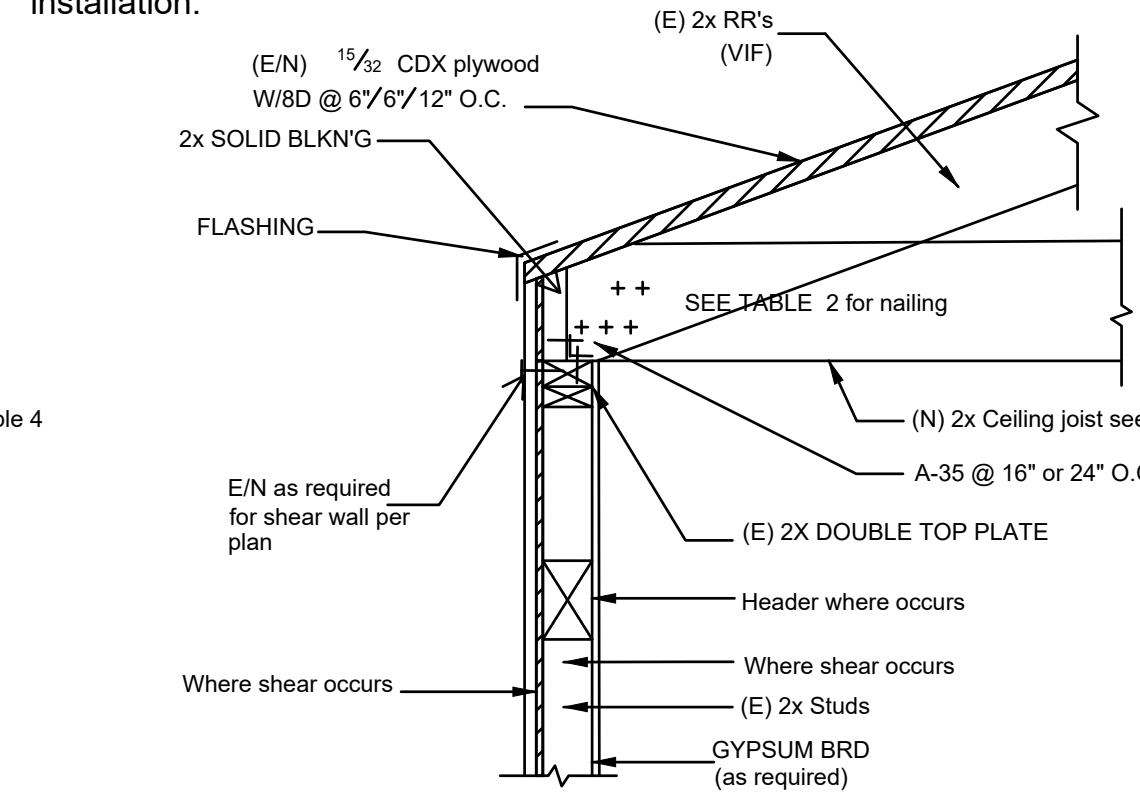
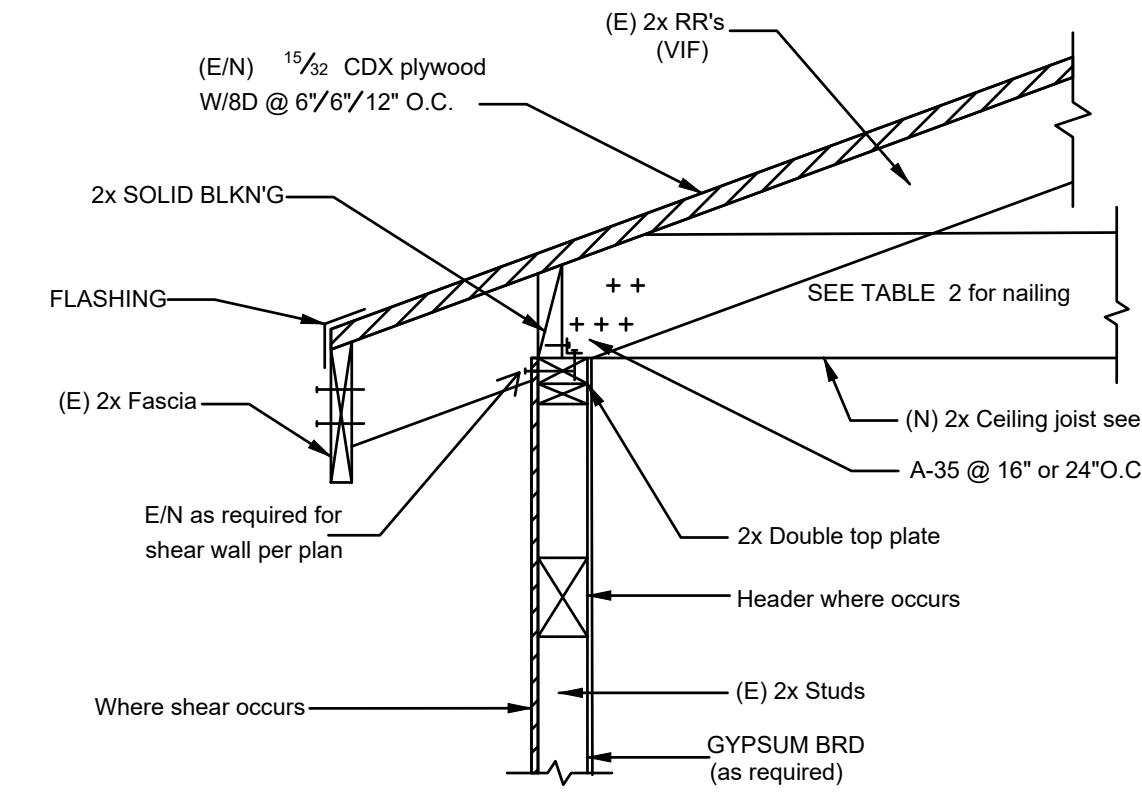
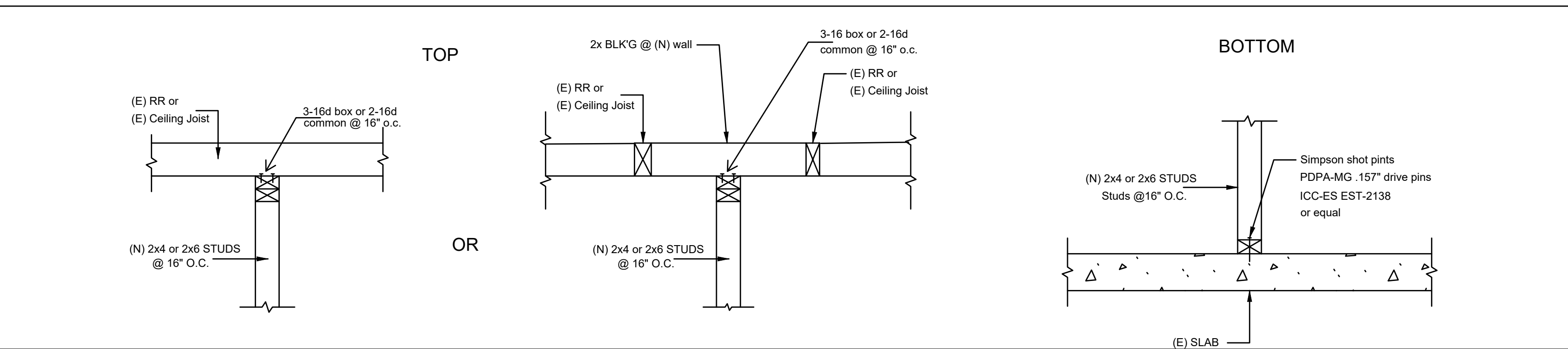


TABLE 5
TABLE 2304.8(5)
ALLOWABLE LOAD (PSF) FOR WOOD STRUCTURAL PANEL SHEATHING CONTINUOUS OVER TWO OR MORE SPANS AND STRENGTH AXIS (Plywood structural panels are five-ply, five-layer unless otherwise noted)*

| PANEL GRADE | Thickness | MAXIMUM SPAN | LOAD AT MAXIMUM SPAN (psf) | |
|---|------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| | | | Live | Total |
| Structural I Sheathing | 7/16 | 24 | 20 | 30 |
| | 15/32 | 24 | 35 ^b | 45 ^b |
| | 1/2 | 24 | 40 ^b | 50 ^b |
| | 19/32, 5/8 | 24 | 70 | 80 |
| Sheathing, other grades covered in DOC PS1 or DOC PS2 | 23/32, 3/4 | 24 | 90 | 100 |
| | 7/16 | 16 | 40 | 50 |
| | 15/32 | 24 | 20 | 25 |
| | 1/2 | 24 | 25 | 30 |
| 5/8 | 24 | 40 ^b | 50 ^b | |
| | 23/32, 3/4 | 24 | 45 ^b | 55 ^b |
| | 24 | 60 | 65 ^b | |

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kN/m²
a. Uniform load deflection limitations 1/180 of span under live load plus dead load, 1/240 under live load only. Edges shall be blocked with lumber or other approved type of edge supports.
b. For composite and four-ply plywood structural panel, load shall be reduced by 15 pounds per square foot.

DETAIL 1 - ROOF DETAILS



DETAIL 2 - NON-BEARING INTERIOR WALL PARTITION DETAILS



TABLE 7
HEADER SPANS FOR EXTERIOR BEARING WALLS ONE STORY (DF-LARCH #2) [Table R602.7(1)]
NJ = Number of jacks studs required to support each end

| Size | 24' Building Width | 36' Building Width |
|--------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 2-2x6 | 4'-7" w/ 1 NJ | 3'-10" w/ 1 NJ |
| 2-2x8 | 5'-9" w/ 1 NJ | 4'-10" w/ 1 NJ |
| 2-2x10 | 6'-10" w/ 2 NJ | 5'-9" w/ 2 NJ |
| 2-2x12 | 8'-1" w/ 2 NJ | 6'-10" w/2NJ |
| 3-2x12 | 10'-1" w/2 NJ | 8'-6" w/2 NJ |

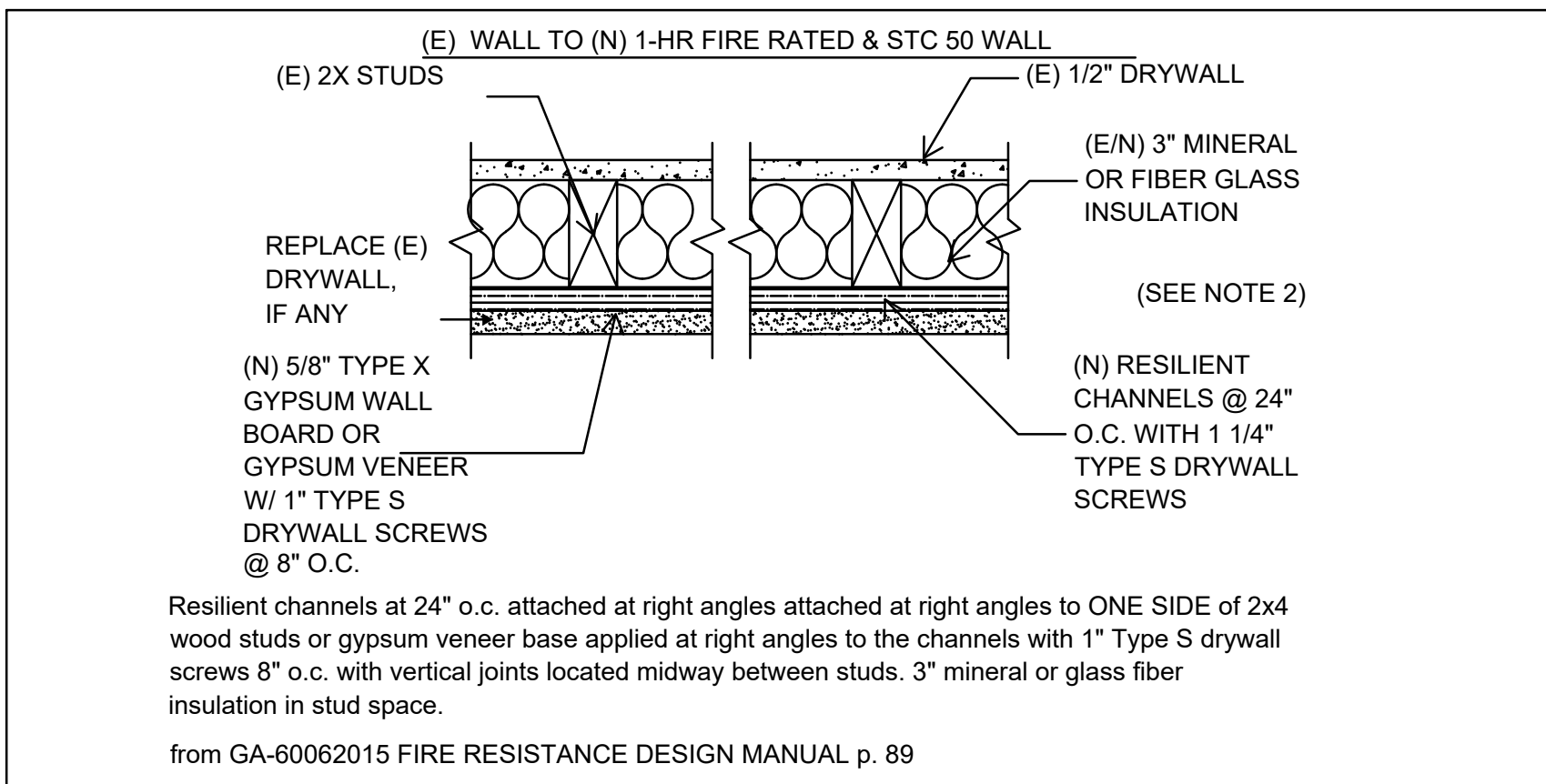
TABLE 8
HEADER SPANS FOR INTERIOR BEARING WALLS ONE STORY (DF-LARCH #2) [Table R602.7(2)]
NJ = Number of jacks studs required to support each end

| Size | 24' Building Width | 36' Building Width |
|--------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 2-2x6 | 4'-4" w/ 1 NJ | 3'-6" w/ 1 NJ |
| 2-2x8 | 5'-5" w/ 1 NJ | 4'-5" w/ 2 NJ |
| 2-2x10 | 6'-6" w/ 2 NJ | 5'-3" w/ 2 NJ |
| 2-2x12 | 7'-7" w/2NJ | 6'-3" w/2NJ |
| 3-2x12 | 9'-6" w/2 NJ | 7'-9" w/2 NJ |

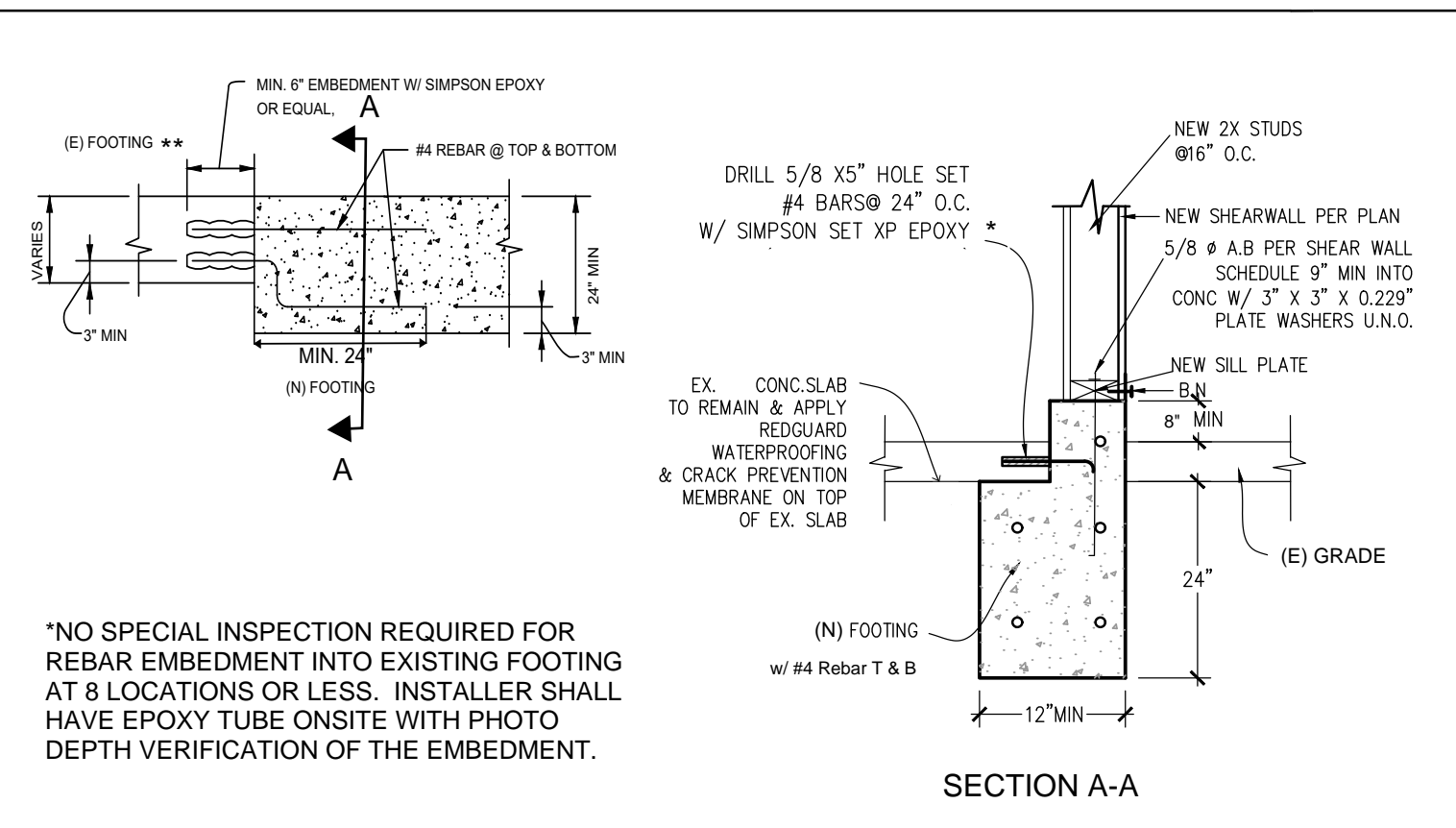
NOTE: 1. 2-2X's MUST BE STITCHED NAILED AT 12" o.c.
2. 4X's OF SIMILAR DEPTH CAN BE USED IN LIEU OF THE 2-2X'S SHOWN AT THE TABLE.
3. FOR SPAN NOT GREATER THAN 4 FEET, A MINIMUM 4X4 HEADER CAN BE USED.

DETAIL 3 - HEADER OVER OPENINGS

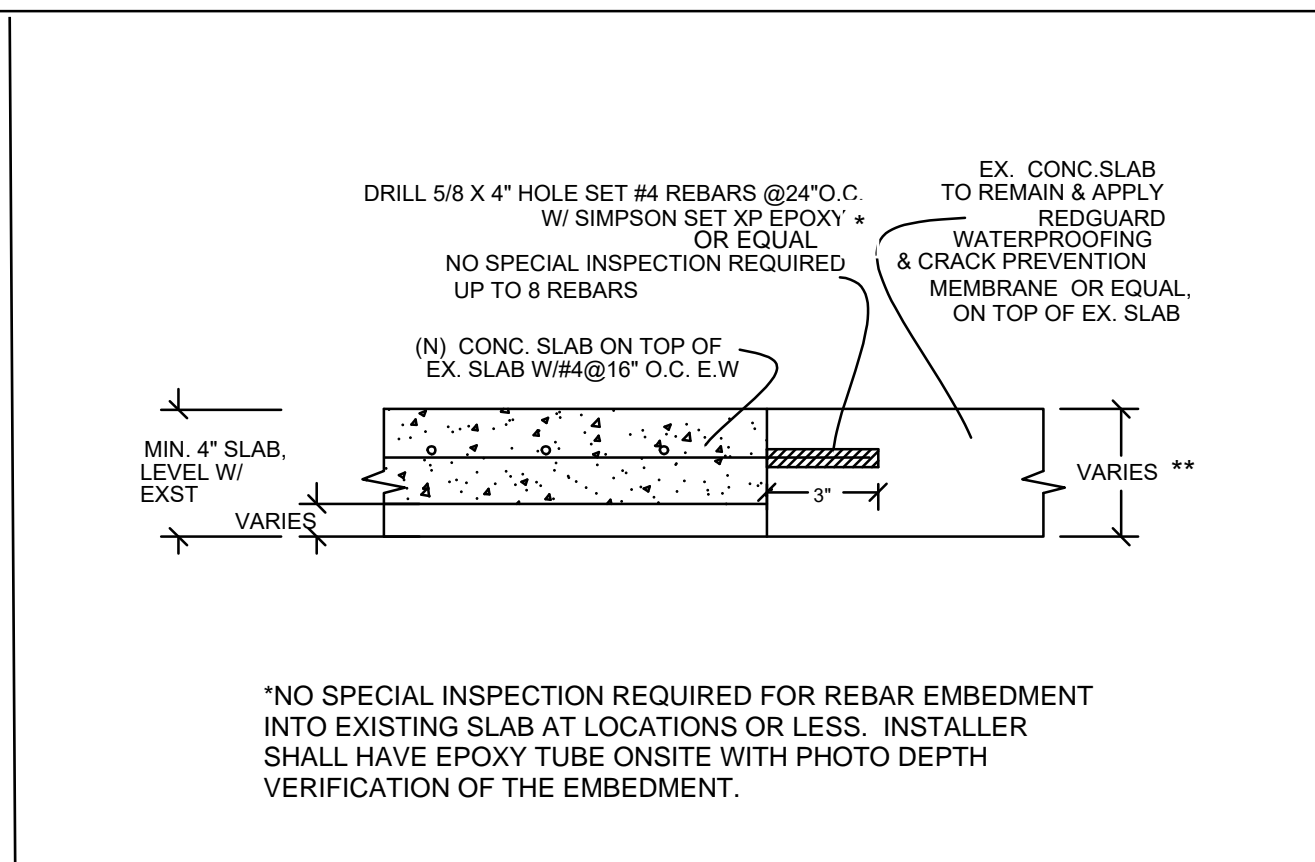




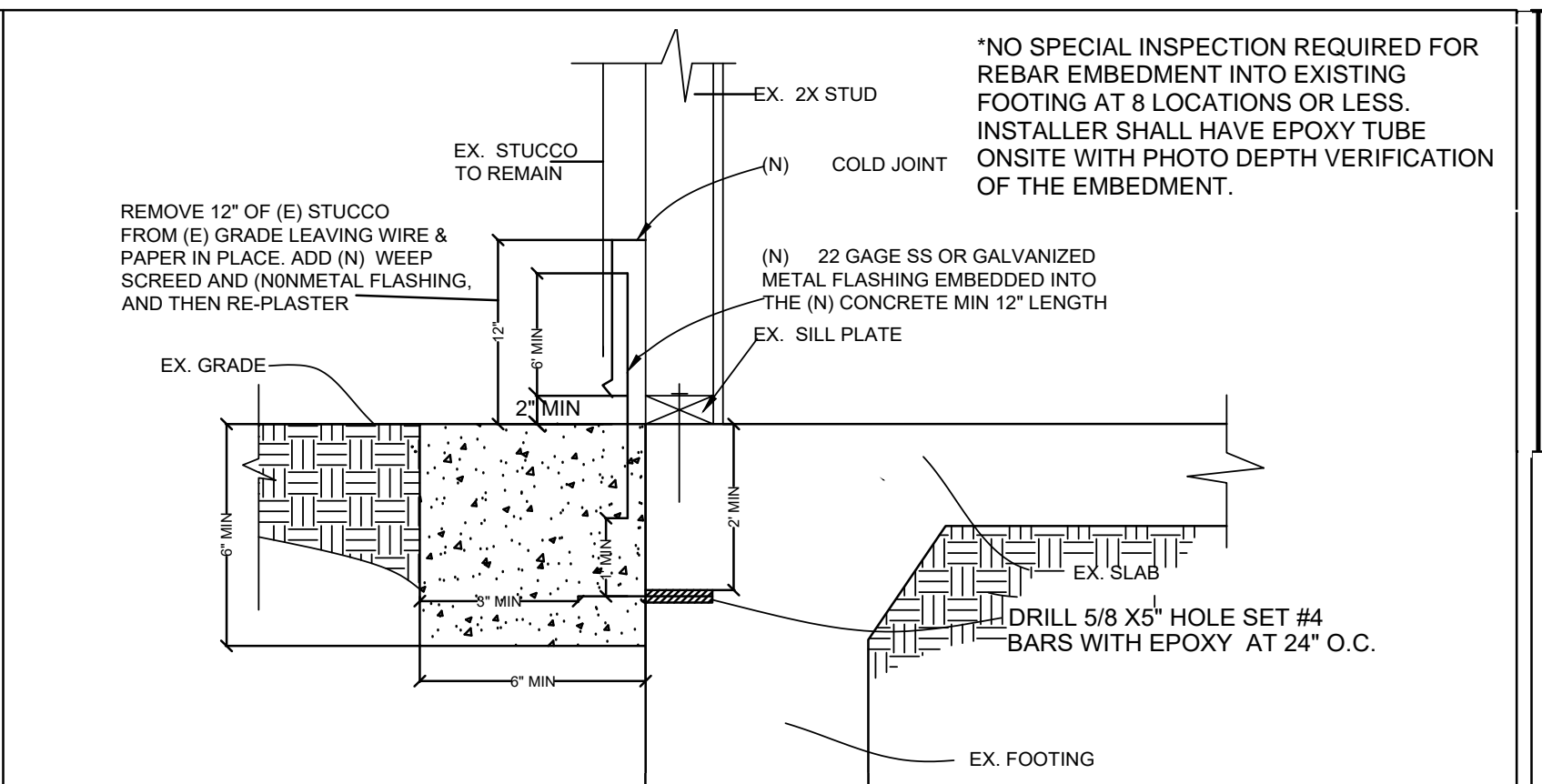
DETAIL 4 - 1-HR FIRE RATED PARTITIONS



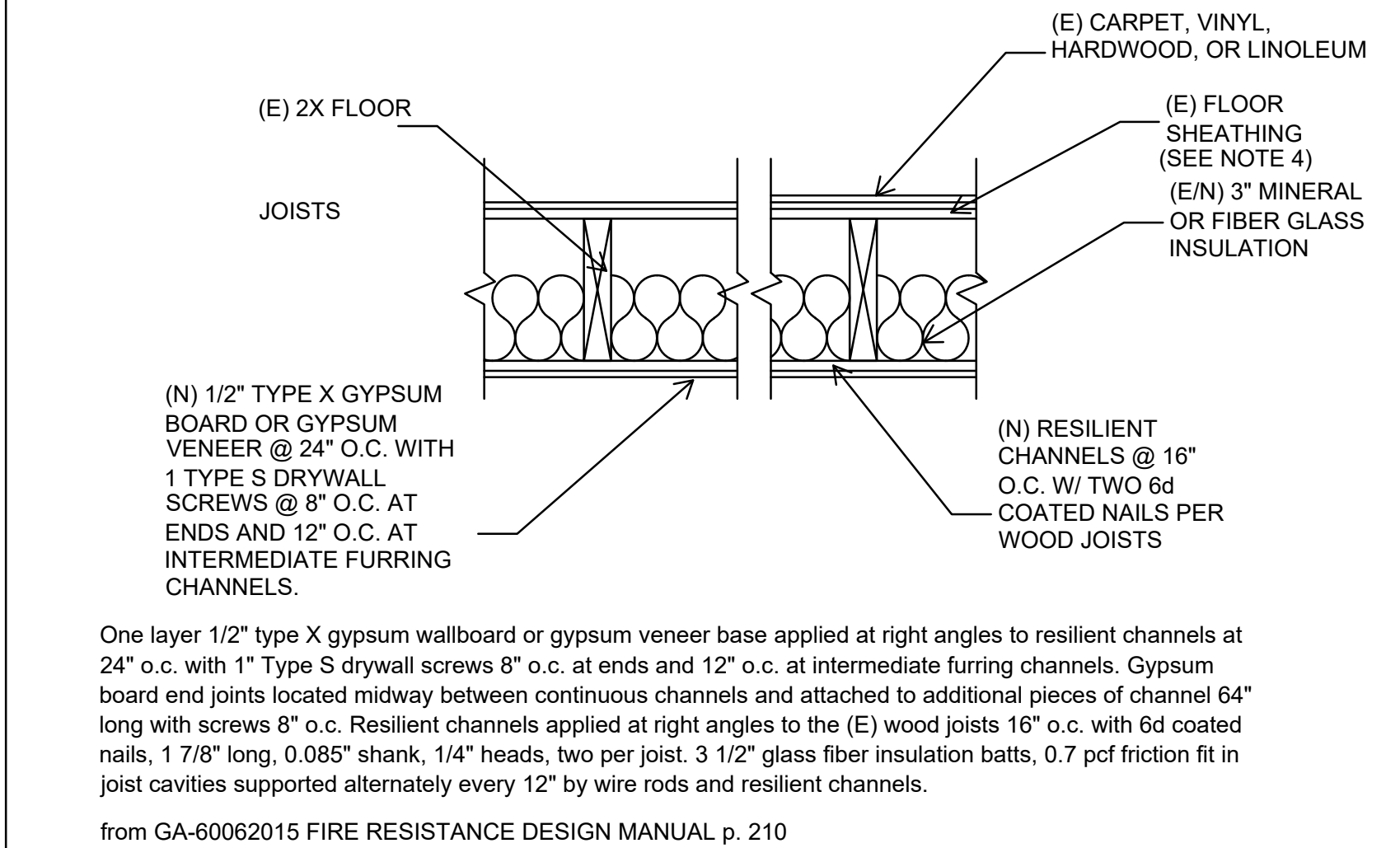
DETAIL 5 (E) FOOTING TO (N) FOOTING CONNECTION



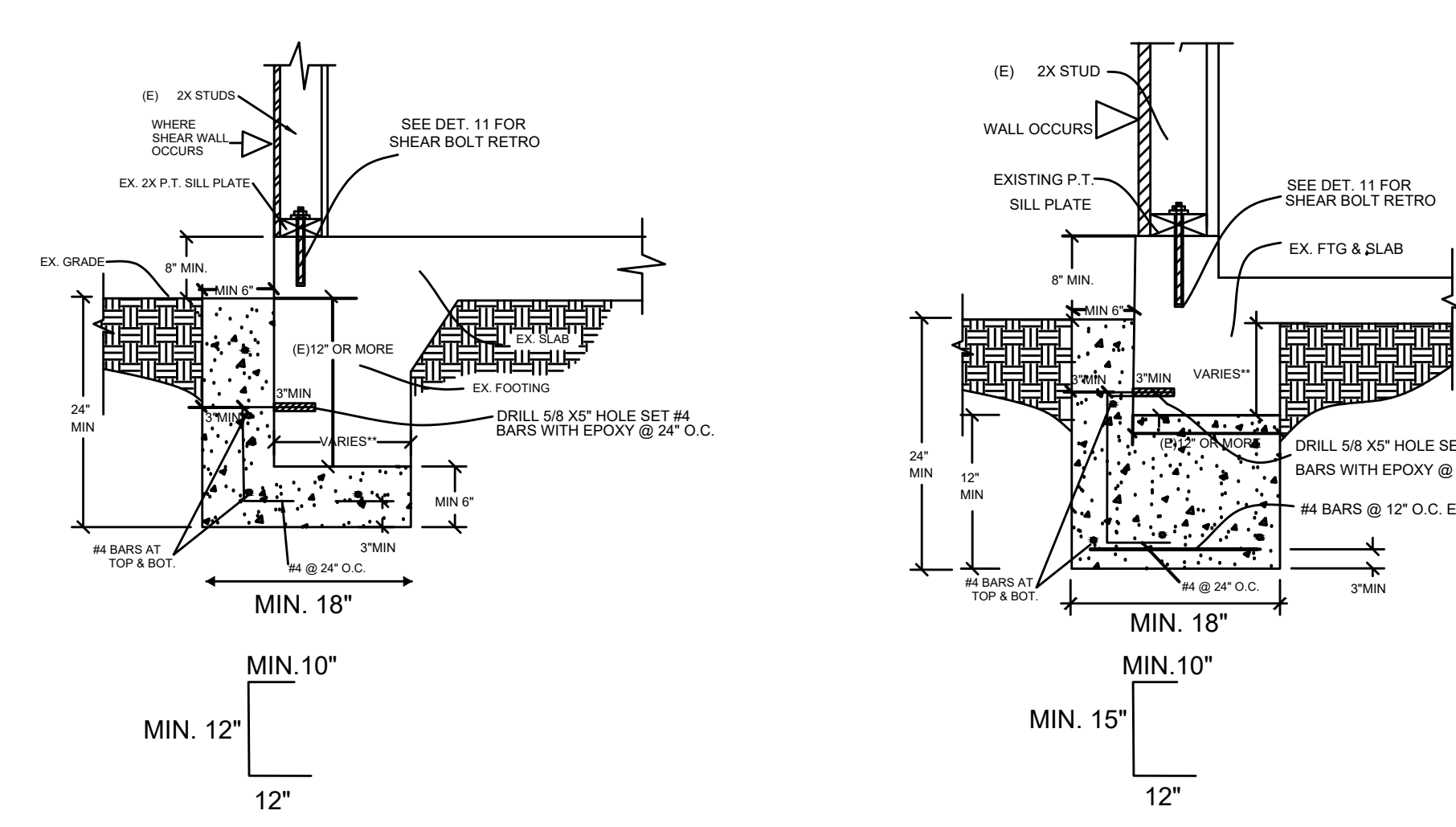
DETAIL 6 (E) SLAB TO (N) SLAB CONNECTION



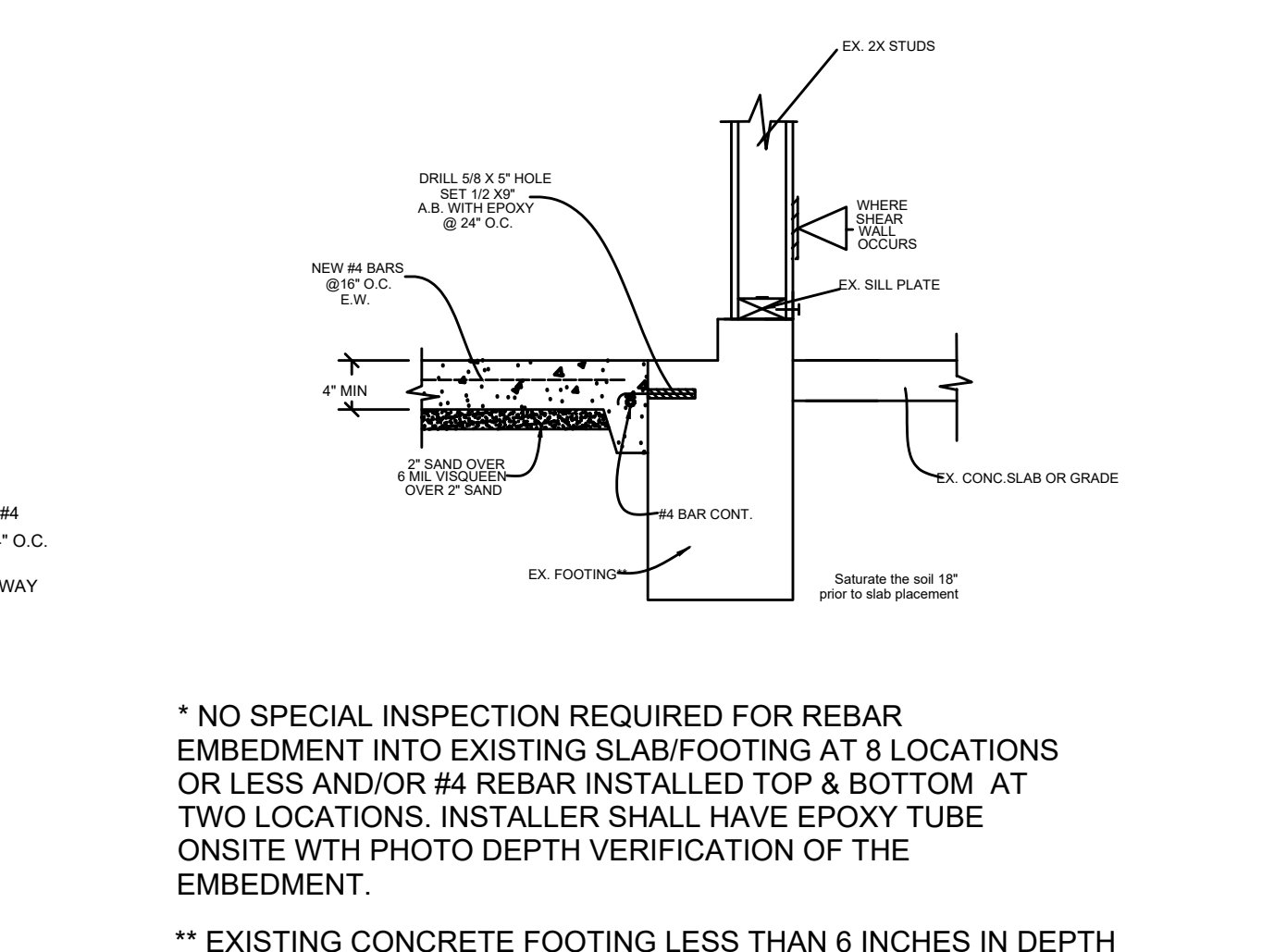
DETAIL 7 (N) EXTERIOR CONCRETE FOR TERMITE & SILL WOOD PLATE PROTECTION



DETAIL 8 (E) FLOOR/CEILING TO (N) 1-HR FIRE RATED & STC 50 FLOOR/CEILING



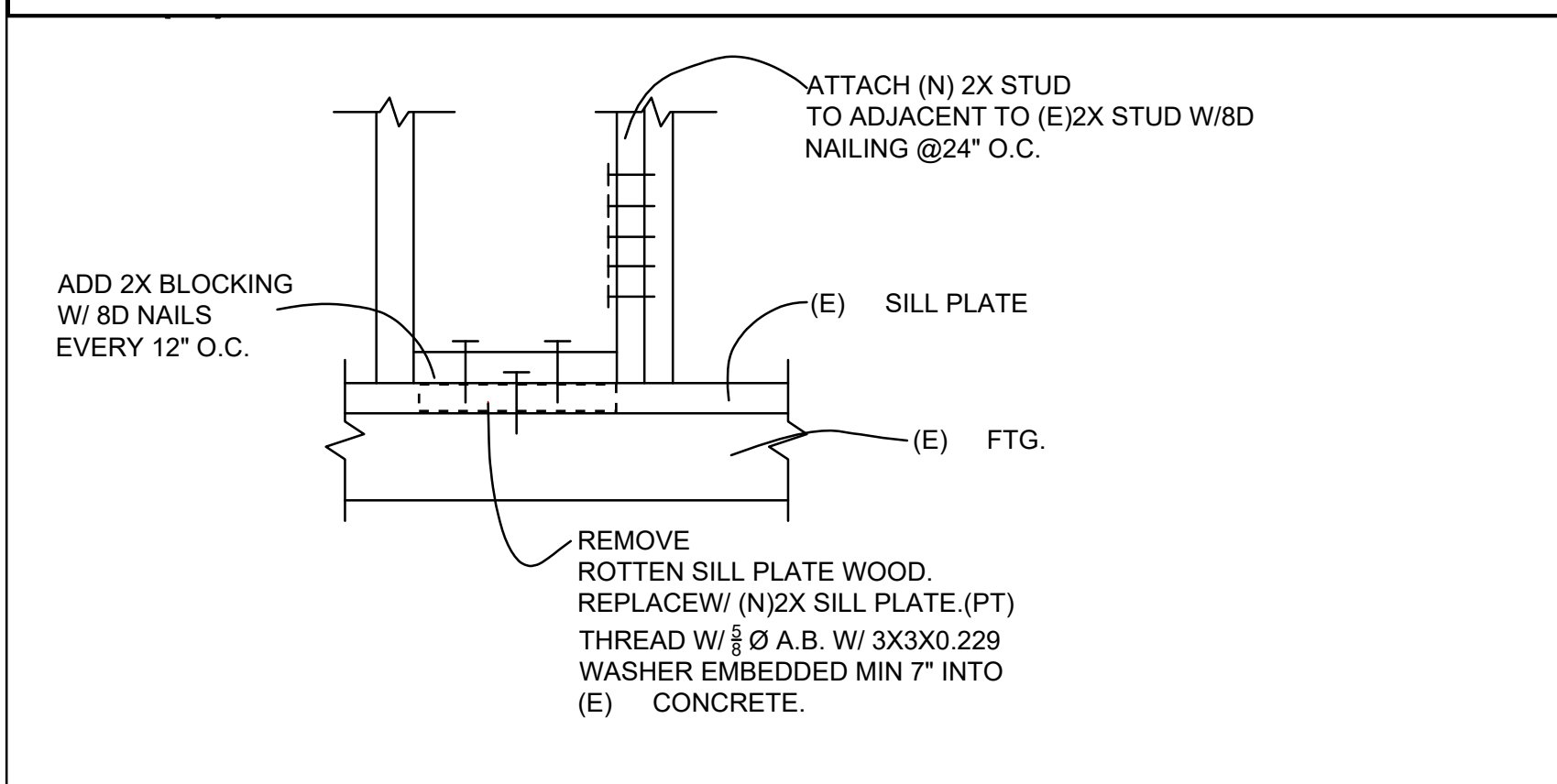
DETAIL 9 - FOUNDATION RETROFIT DETAILS



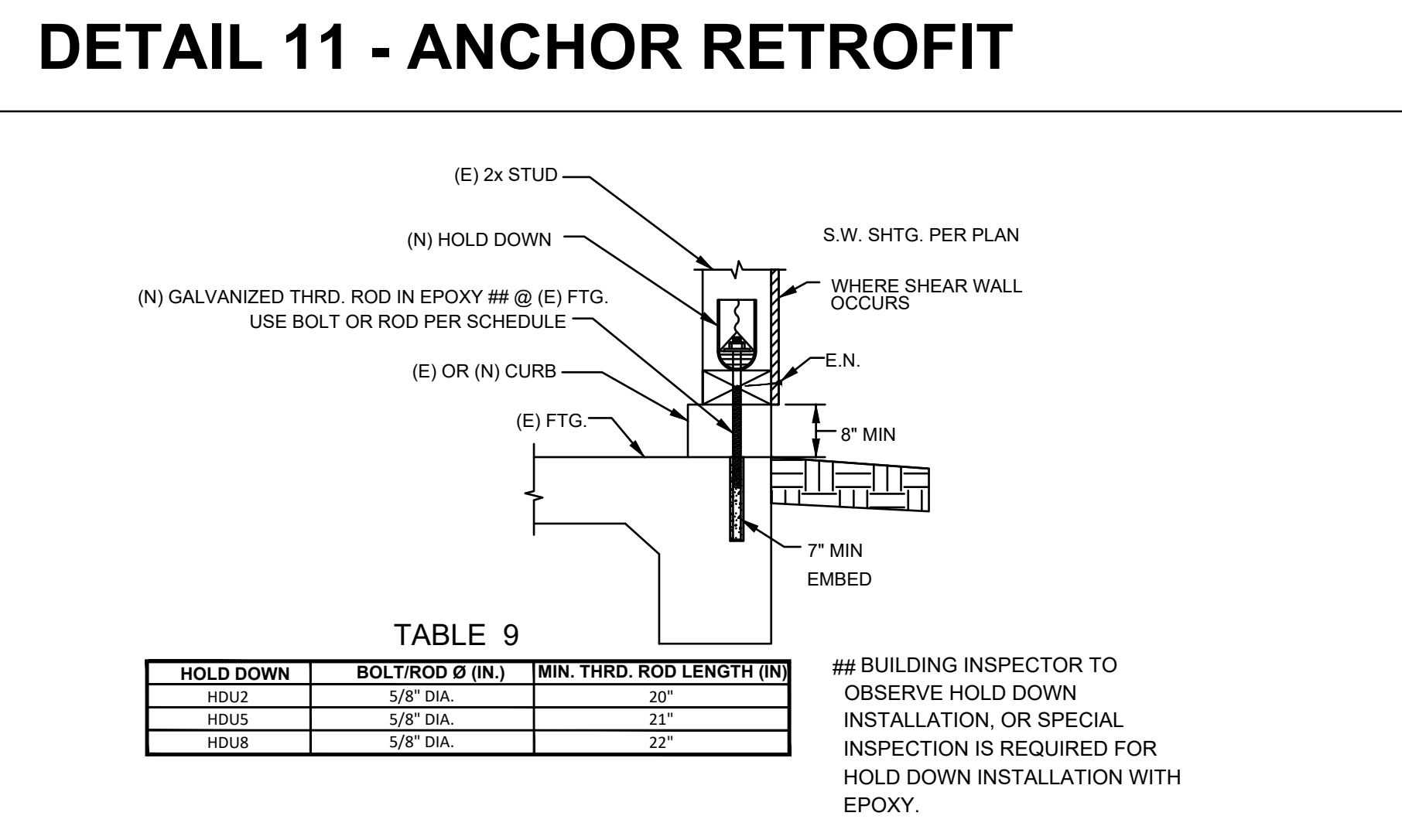
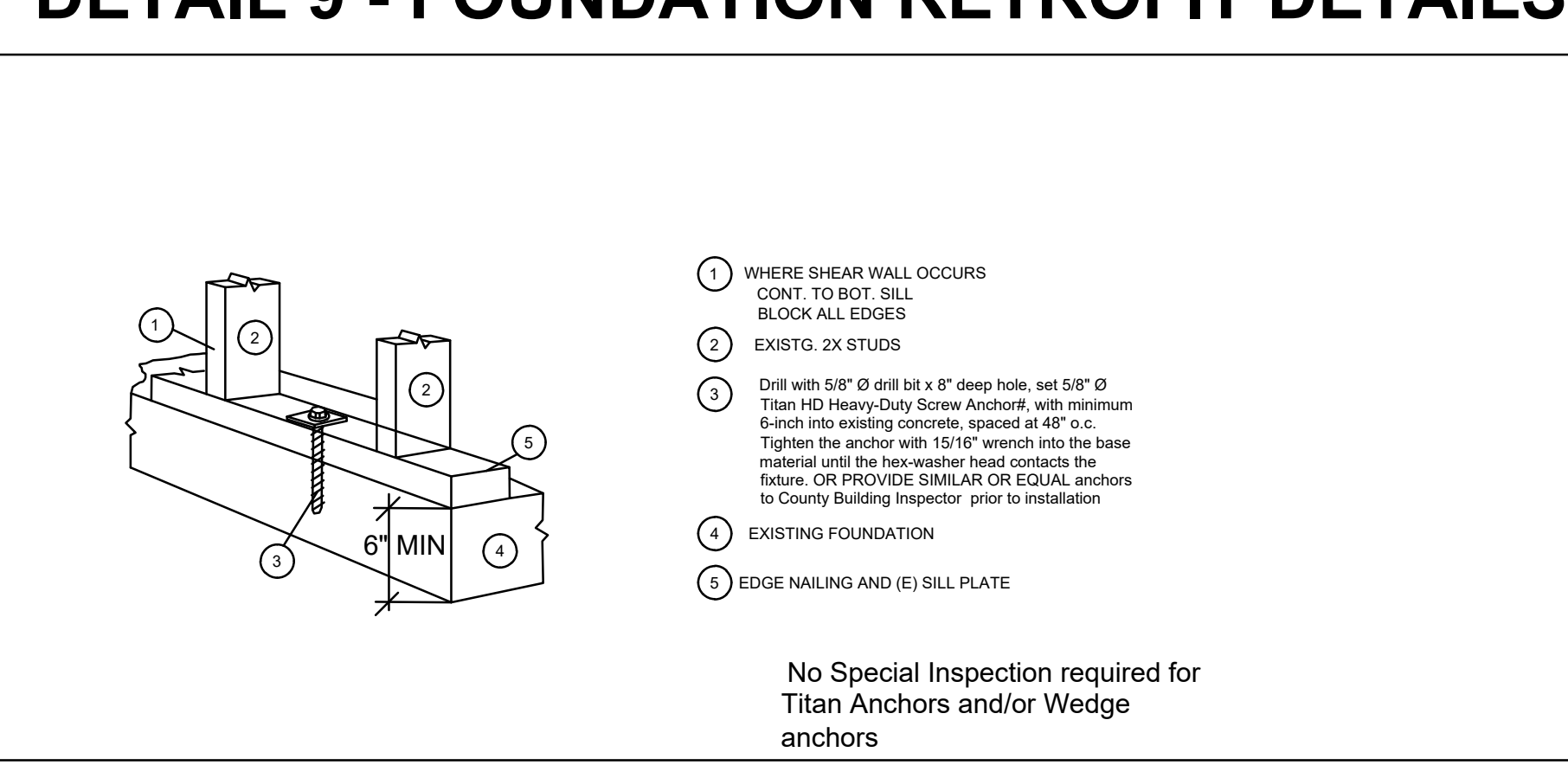
DETAIL 10 (N) FOUNDATION ON (E) SLAB

SOUND-RATED WALLS AND FLOOR-CEILING CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- All penetrations into sound rated partitions or floor-ceiling assemblies shall be sealed, lined, or insulated with an approved permanent resilient sealant.
- All rigid conduits, ducts, plumbing pipes, and appliance vents located in sound rated assemblies shall be isolated from the building construction by means of resilient sleeves, mounts, or a minimum 1/4" thick approved resilient material.
- An approved permanent and resilient acoustical sealant shall be provided along the joint between the floor and the separation walls.
- Metal ventilating and conditioned air ducts located in sound rated assemblies shall be lined (Exception: Ducts serving only exit ways, kitchen cooking facilities, and bathrooms need not be lined).
- Mineral fiber insulation shall be installed in joist spaces whenever a plumbing, piping, or duct penetrates a floor-ceiling assembly or where such unit passes through the plane of the floor-ceiling assembly from within a wall. The insulation shall be installed to a point 12" beyond the pipe or duct. This requirement is not applicable to fire sprinkler pipe, gas line or electrical conduit.
- Electrical outlet boxes in opposite faces of separation walls shall be separated horizontally by 24" and note that back and sides of boxes shall be sealed with 1/8" resilient sealant and backed by a minimum of 2" thick mineral fiber insulation.
- No wall furnace shall be installed in sound rated partitions.
- No electrical panel shall be installed in sound rated partitions.



DETAIL 12 - (N) SILL PLATE RETROFIT DETAIL



DETAIL 13 - (N) HOLDDOWN ON (E) FOOTING

TABLE 10 WOOD PROVISION BRACING REQUIREMENTS

INTERMITTENT BRACING METHODS BASED ON SEISMIC DESIGN CATEGORY (AS A FUNCTION OF BRACED WALL LINE LENGTH)^a

| SEISMIC DESIGN CATEGORY (SDC) | STORY LOCATION | BRACED WALL LINE LENGTH | MINIMUM TOTAL LENGTH (feet) OF BRACED WALL PANELS REQUIRED ALONG EACH BRACED WALL LINE ¹ | |
|-------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| | | | METHODS GB ^{b,c,d} AND PCP ^{e,f,g} | METHOD WSP ^{d,j} |
| SDC DO OR D1 | | 10 | 6 | 4 |
| | | 20 | 12 | 4 |
| | | 30 | 18 | 6 |
| | | 40 | 24 | 8 |
| D2 | | 10 | 8 | 4 |
| | | 20 | 16 | 5 |
| | | 30 | 24 | 7.5 |
| | | 40 | 32 | 10 |
| E ^{g,h} | | 10 | 10 | 4 |
| | | 20 | 20 | 6 |
| | | 30 | 30 | 9 |
| | | 40 | 40 | 12 |

FOR SI: 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 pound per square foot = 47.89 Pa.
a. Based on Table R602.10.3(3) of the 2017 County of Los Angeles Residential Code.
b. Method GB (Gypsum Board) = 1/2" minimum thickness gypsum board with 1-1/2" galvanized roofing nail or 1-1/4" screws, Type W or S for exterior sheathing, or 5d cooler nails, 0.086" diameter, 1-5/8" long, 15/64" head for interior sheathing. Maximum spacing of fasteners shall be at 7" o.c. at panel edges, including top and bottom plates. When Method GB panels are applied to only one face of a braced wall panel, the minimum total length of braced wall panel in the Table shall be doubled.
c. Method PCP (Portland Cement Plaster) = 7/8" minimum thickness Portland cement plaster with 1-1/2", 11 gage, 7/16" head nails at 6" spacing (for maximum 16" stud spacing only). Gypsum wall board (1/2" minimum thickness shall be installed on the side of the wall opposite the bracing material, except if the minimum total length of braced wall panel in the Table is multiplied by a factor of 1.5.
d. Method WSP (Wood Structural Panel) = 15/32" minimum thickness wood structural panel with 8d common (2-1/2" x 0.131") nails at 6" spacing (panel edge) at 12" spacing (intermediate supports), 3/8" edge distance to panel edge. Gypsum wall board (1/2" minimum thickness) shall be installed on the side of the wall opposite the bracing material, except if the minimum total length of braced wall panel in the Table is multiplied by a factor of 1.5.
e. Method GC and PCP braced wall panel h/w ratio shall not exceed 1:1.
f. Linear interpolation shall be permitted.
g. This SDC E Intermittent Bracing Method is only limited to existing single story garage conversion to ADU, or JADU, as assumed on these sheets. Other applications require compliance to the Building Code and/or assessment of a registered architect/engineer.
h. County Inspector shall assume SDC E, unless otherwise noted in ASCE 7 Hazard Tool website: <https://asce7hazardtool.online/>
i. New openings on an existing wall less than 10% of the existing wall area will not require additional brace walls per 2015 NDS Table 4.3.3.5.

NOTES:
1. BRACED WALL LINES AT EXTERIOR WALLS SHALL HAVE A BRACED WALL PANEL LOCATED AT EACH END OF THE BRACED WALL LINE.
EXCEPTION: FOR METHOD WSP, THE BRACED WALL PANEL SHALL BE PERMITTED TO BEGIN NO MORE THAN 10 FEET FROM EACH END OF THE BRACED WALL LINE PROVIDED:
A. UP TO 10' - METHOD WSP BRACING ONLY
OR
B. A MIN. 24" PANEL IS APPLIED TO EACH SIDE. THIS 24" WIDE PANEL DOES NOT COUNT AS BRACING.
2. MIXING BRACING METHODS WITHIN A BRACED WALL LINE IS NOT PERMITTED.

DETAIL 14 - WOOD PROVISION BRACING REQUIREMENTS